### **KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Arapahoe County, Colorado**

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Kent Place Metropolitan District No. 2 Arapahoe County, Colorado

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Kent Place Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Kent Place Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

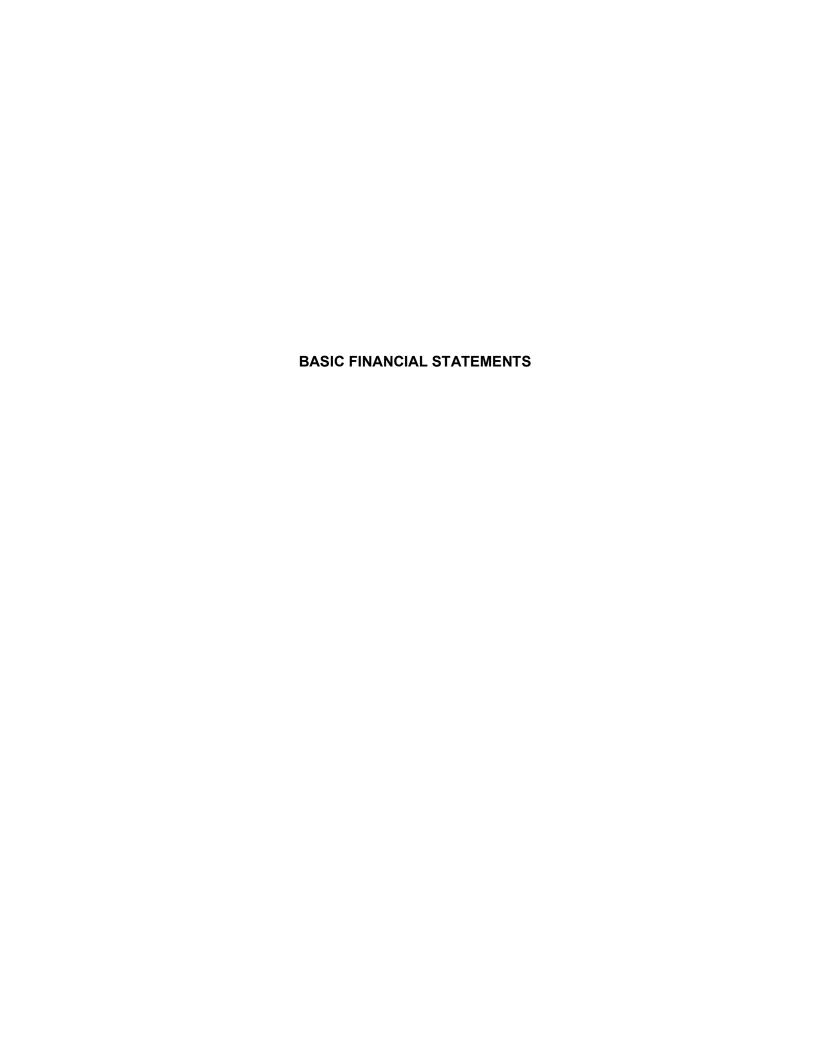
The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sincerely,

Wipfli LLP

March 30, 2021

Wipfli LLP



#### KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities					
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 436					
Cash and Investments - Restricted	7,083					
Receivable - County Treasurer	944					
Property Taxes Receivable	187,950					
Total Assets	196,413					
LIABILITIES						
Due to Kent Place Metropolitan District No. 1	641					
Accrued Interest Payable - 2020 Bonds	5,915					
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year	35,000					
Due in More Than One Year	2,834,107					
Total Liabilities	2,875,663					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Tax Revenue	187,950					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	187,950					
NET POSITION						
Restricted For:						
Debt Service	1,907					
Unrestricted	(2,869,107)					
Total Net Position	\$ (2,867,200)					

#### KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net Revenues

			Charges for	-	gram Revenue Operating Grants and	Ca Gran	pital ts and	(Exp Cl Ne Gov	penses) and hange in et Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	E	xpenses	Services	<u></u>	contributions	Contri	butions	A	ctivities
Primary Government: Governmental Activities Interest and Related Costs	\$	46,008	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	(46,008)
on Long-Term Debt		288,479		<u> </u>					(288,479)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	334,487	\$	- \$		\$			(334,487)
	Pro Sp	DERAL REVE Operty Taxes ecific Owners t Investment Total Gener	hip Taxes						197,590 13,673 1,052 212,315
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION  Net Position - Beginning of Year								(122,172)
									(2,745,028)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YEAR					\$	(2,867,200)

## KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Total Assets	\$ 436 - 205 40,772 41,413	\$	7,083 739 147,178 155,000	\$	436 7,083 944 187,950 196,413
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	 ,		,		100,110
LIABILITIES  Due to Kent Place Metropolitan District No. 1  Total Liabilities	\$ 641 641	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	641 641
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 40,772 40,772		147,178 147,178		187,950 187,950
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES Restricted Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>		7,822 7,822		7,822 7,822
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 41,413	\$	155,000		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds:  Bonds Payable - Series 2020  Notes Payable  Accrued Interest on Series 2020 Bonds  Accrued Interest on Subordinate Notes					1,820,000) (900,000) (5,915) (149,107)
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$ (	2,867,200)

## KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	(	General	 Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	42,863	\$ 154,727	\$	197,590
Specific Ownership Taxes		2,966	10,707		13,673
Net Investment Income		179	873		1,052
Total Revenues		46,008	166,307		212,315
EXPENDITURES					
County Treasurer's Fees		645	2,330		2,975
Intergovernmental Expenditures - Kent Place No. 1		45,363	-		45,363
Bond Interest - Series 2016		-	40,428		40,428
Bond Interest - Series 2020		-	55,710		55,710
Bond Principal - Series 2016		-	1,854,000		1,854,000
Bond Principal - Series 2020		-	50,000		50,000
Bond Issue Costs		-	119,900		119,900
Interest on Subordinate Note			55,000		55,000
Total Expenditures		46,008	2,177,368		2,223,376
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	(2,011,061)		(2,011,061)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond Proceeds			 1,870,000		1,870,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	1,870,000		1,870,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(141,061)		(141,061)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			148,883		148,883
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$ 7,822	\$	7,822

## KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (141,061)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, loans, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Bond Issuance Current Year Bond Principal Payment (1,870,000)

1,904,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Payable - Change in Liability

(15,111)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (122,172)

# KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			dgets			Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive
		Original		Final	A	mounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES	_		_		_		_	
Property Taxes	\$	41,856	\$	42,668	\$	42,863	\$	195
Specific Ownership Taxes		2,510		3,050		2,966		(84)
Net Investment Income		80		180		179		(1)
Other Income		1,000		1,102		-		(1,102)
Total Revenues		45,446		47,000		46,008		(992)
EXPENDITURES								
County Treasurer's Fees		628		642		645		(3)
Intergovernmental Expenditures - Kent Place No. 1		43,818		45,256		45,363		(107)
Contingency		1,000		1,102		-		1,102
Total Expenditures		45,446		47,000		46,008		992
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year								
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Kent Place Metropolitan District No. 2 (District) was organized by Court Order on January 14, 2008, to provide for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation and/or redevelopment of public improvements, including street improvements, park and recreation facilities, sewer and drainage improvements, traffic and safety controls, water, television relay and translators, public transportation, fire protection, security services, mosquito and pest control, and other improvements needed for the development. The District was organized in conjunction with Kent Place Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1). District No. 1 is anticipated to be the Operating District and District No. 2 is anticipated to be the Financing District. The Operating District will construct all (and may own and operate some) of the public facilities. The Financing District will generate the majority of tax revenues sufficient to pay the costs of the capital improvements. The functions of the Districts will be clarified in an intergovernmental agreement between the Districts. The District's service area is located entirely within the City of Englewood, Arapahoe County, Colorado.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 436
Cash and Investments - Restricted	7,083
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 7,519

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 100
Investments	7,419
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 7,519

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2020, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$100.

#### **Investments**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	Aı	mount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund	Weighted Average		
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$	7,419

#### **CSAFE**

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance - December 31, 2019		Additions Retirements				Balance - ecember 31, 2020	Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable									
General Obligation Bonds Series 2016	\$	1,854,000	\$ -	\$	1,854,000	\$	-	\$	-
General Obligation Bonds Series 2020		-	1,870,000		50,000		1,820,000		35,000
Series 2013 - Subordinate Notes		900,000	-		-		900,000		-
		2,754,000	1,870,000		1,904,000		2,720,000		35,000
Accrued Interest on									
Subordinate Notes		132,107	 72,000		55,000		149,107		-
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	2,886,107	\$ 1,942,000	\$	1,959,000	\$	2,869,107	\$	35,000

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Subordinate Notes**

On September 15, 2013, the District entered into a Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Note, Series 2013 in the amount of \$900,000. On August 25, 2020, the Subordinate Note was reassigned to two new owners and designated as No. R-1 and No. R-2. Each reassigned Subordinate Note has a principal amount of \$450,000 with a maturity date of September 15, 2053, and carries a simple interest rate of 8.00%, payable annually on December 15. The principal of and interest on the Subordinate Notes are payable solely from and to the extent of the Series 2013 Subordinate Pledged Revenue on a basis subordinate to the Senior 2020 Bonds and other obligations of the District specifically set forth in the Note Resolution, which may or may not be sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Subordinate Notes. Failure of the District to make any interest payment on the Subordinate Notes when the same shall come due shall not constitute an "Event of Default" under the Note Resolution. Interest on the Subordinate Notes shall continue to accrue and shall be paid on the next Interest Payment Date when funds are available for such payment. Furthermore, if any amount of principal or interest remains due and owing on the Subordinate Notes on September 15, 2053, such amounts shall be discharged, and no further amounts shall be due on the Subordinate Notes.

During 2020, \$55,000 of previously accrued interest was paid on the Subordinate Notes. At December 31, 2020, the balance of accrued unpaid interest was \$149,107.

#### Series 2020 Bonds

On February 26, 2020, the District issued \$1,870,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (the 2020 Bonds). The 2020 Bonds were purchased by Academy Bank. Proceeds of the 2020 Bonds, along with District funds, were used to refund the 2016 Bonds and to pay the cost of issuance of the 2020 Bonds.

The 2020 Bonds bear interest at the rate of 3.9% per annum, which is due on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2020. Principal is due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2020, with final maturity on December 1, 2044. As of December 31, 2020, the accrued interest balance on the 2020 bonds was \$5,915.

The 2020 Bonds are secured by pledged revenues consisting of the Required Mill Levy, Specific Ownership Taxes collected as a result of certifying the Required Mill Levy, and any other legally available amounts designated by the District at its discretion, as may be permitted under the District's Service Plan.

The Required Mill Levy is an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount necessary to generate revenues sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the 2020 Bonds when due , but not in excess of 37 mills, provided that if, on or after January 1, 2020 , there are changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally mandated tax credit, cut or abatement, the maximum mill levy of 37 mills may be increased or decreased to reflect such changes. But in no event shall the Required Mill Levy exceed 50 mills.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Series 2020 Bonds (Continued)

The mandatory redemption of the Series 2020 Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds is as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
	Bonded Debt									
Year Ending December 31,		Principal			Interest			Total		
2021	\$	35,000	•	\$	70,980	_	\$	105,980		
2022		40,000			69,615			109,615		
2023		40,000			68,055			108,055		
2024		45,000		66,495				111,495		
2025		45,000			64,740			109,740		
2026-2030		280,000			294,645			574,645		
2031-2035		370,000			233,025			603,025		
2036-2040		480,000			152,295			632,295		
2041-2044		485,000			48,555			533,555		
Total	\$	1,820,000		\$	1,068,405		\$	2,888,405		

The above table does not include amortization of the Subordinate Notes, as subordinate revenue may or may not be sufficient to pay the principal and interest when due. Therefore, the amortization of the Subordinate Notes is not determinable.

#### **Authorized Debt**

On November 6, 2007, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$420,000,000 for infrastructure improvements and operations, such debt to bear interest at a rate not in excess of 18% per annum. At December 31, 2020, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Authorized Debt (Continued)**

										Authorized														
		Amount							Е	But Unissued														
		Authorized Prio			S	Series 2016	S	eries 2020		as of														
	OI	n November 6,	Authorization		Authorization		Authorization		Authorization		Authorization		Authorization		Authorization		Authorization		Authorization		Authorizatio		D	ecember 31,
		2007		Used		Used		Used		2020														
Street Improvements	\$	30,000,000	\$	1,588,494	\$	691,281	\$	-	\$	27,720,225														
Water		30,000,000		-		-		-		30,000,000														
Sanitation		30,000,000		-		-		-		30,000,000														
Traffic and Safety		30,000,000		19,124		-		-		29,980,876														
Intergovernmental Agreements		30,000,000		-		-		-		30,000,000														
Private Party Agreements		30,000,000		-		-				30,000,000														
Fire Protection, Ambulance Service		30,000,000		-		-		-		30,000,000														
Perimeter and Interior Security		30,000,000		-		-		-		30,000,000														
Park and Recreation		30,000,000		492,382		-		-		29,507,618														
Mosquito Control		30,000,000		-		-		-		30,000,000														
Television Relay and Translation		30,000,000		-		-		-		30,000,000														
Public Transportation		30,000,000	-			-		-		30,000,000														
Operations and Maintenance		30,000,000	-			-		-		30,000,000														
Debt Refunding		30,000,000	-		-			1,224,719		1,870,000		26,905,281												
	\$	420,000,000	\$	2,100,000	\$	1,916,000	\$	1,870,000	\$	414,114,000														

Pursuant to its Service Plan, the District is only permitted to issue debt up to \$30,000,000.

In the future, the District may issue a portion of, or all of, the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt as allowed under the Service Plan for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

#### NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through Constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position of \$1,907 for debt service as of December 31, 2020.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of debt issued for public improvements which were conveyed to the City of Englewood and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

#### NOTE 6 RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Kent Place Investors, LLC, which is an affiliate of Continuum Partners, LLC. All members of the Board of Directors are officers of, employees of, or associated with the Developer or its affiliates.

#### NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 6, 2007, the District's voters authorized the District to increase property taxes \$5,000,000 annually, without limitation of rate and without regard to any spending, revenue raising or other limitations contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitutions (TABOR) or Section 29-1-301, C.R.S., to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, spend or retain all revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

#### NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The District transfers its net operating revenue to District No. 1 (Operating District) pursuant to an anticipated intergovernmental agreement. Therefore, the Emergency Reserves related to the District's revenues are reported in District No. 1.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 Bud Original	gets	Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 151,090	\$	151,090	\$	154,727	\$	3,637
Specific Ownership Taxes	9,060		9,060		10,707		1,647
Net Investment Income	2,200		2,200		873		(1,327)
Total Revenues	162,350	162,350		166,307			3,957
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
County Treasurer's Fees	2,266		2,266		2,330		(64)
Interest on Subordinate Note	50,000		50,000		55,000		(5,000)
Bond Interest - Series 2016	92,700		-		40,428		(40,428)
Bond Principal - Series 2016	22,000	1,895,000		1,854,000			41,000
Bond Interest - Series 2020	-	56,306		55,710			596
Bond Principal - Series 2020	-	50,000		50,000			-
Bond Issue Costs	-		137,800		119,900		17,900
Contingency	1,034		8,628		_		8,628
Total Expenditures	168,000		2,200,000		2,177,368		22,632
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,650)		(2,037,650)	(	(2,011,061)		26,589
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond Proceeds	_		1,890,000		1,870,000		(20,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			1,890,000		1,870,000		(20,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(5,650)		(147,650)		(141,061)		6,589
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	150,945		150,945		148,883		(2,062)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 145,295	\$	3,295	\$	7,822	\$	4,527

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

#### KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2020

\$1,870,000 Series 2020, Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds Interest Rate 3.9% Interest Payable

June 1 and December 1

	June 1 and December 1							
Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal		Interest		Total		
		_		_				
2021	\$	35,000	\$	70,980	\$	105,980		
2022		40,000		69,615		109,615		
2023		40,000		68,055		108,055		
2024		45,000		66,495		111,495		
2025		45,000		64,740		109,740		
2026		50,000		62,985		112,985		
2027		50,000		61,035		111,035		
2028		55,000		59,085		114,085		
2029		60,000		56,940		116,940		
2030		65,000		54,600		119,600		
2031		65,000		52,065		117,065		
2032		70,000		49,530		119,530		
2033		75,000		46,800		121,800		
2034		80,000		43,875		123,875		
2035		80,000		40,755		120,755		
2036		90,000		37,635		127,635		
2037		90,000		34,125		124,125		
2038		95,000		30,615		125,615		
2039		100,000		26,910		126,910		
2040		105,000		23,010		128,010		
2041		110,000		18,915		128,915		
2042		120,000		14,625		134,625		
2043		125,000		9,945		134,945		
2044		130,000		5,070		135,070		
Total	\$	1,820,000	\$	1,068,405	\$	2,888,405		

#### NOTE:

No amortization schedule is provided for the Subordinate Notes, as subordinate revenue may or may not be sufficient to pay the principal and interest when due. Therefore, the amortization of the Subordinate Notes is not determinable.

#### KENT PLACE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Prior							
	Ye	ar Assessed							
	V	aluation for							Percent
Year Ended	С	urrent Year	Mills Levied			Total Prop	Collected		
December 31,	Tax Levy		General	Debt Service		Levied Collected		Collected	to Levied
				·			`		
2016	\$	3,879,365	10.250	37.000	\$	183,300	\$	182,752	99.70 %
2017		3,827,225	10.250	37.000		180,836		180,895	100.03
2018		4,168,255	10.250	37.000		196,950		196,781	99.91
2019		4,040,691	10.250	37.000		190,923		188,033	98.49
2020		4,083,517	10.250	37.000		192,946		197,590	102.41
Estimated for the Year									
Ending December 31,	\$	3,977,795	10.250	37.000	\$	187,950			
2021									

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.